

preventing [differences in] brightness difference between pixels [from occurring]. Here, it is preferable that the connecting member C is interposed between two pixels of different RGB groups.

Page 13, line 22, change "Referring to Fig. 11, shown is" to - Fig. 11 shows --.

Page 14, line 2, before "drain" insert - a --.

Page 14, line 2, before "gate" insert - a -

Page 14, line 3, before "intersection" insert - the -.

Page 14, line 6, change "the first and second common lines 50 and 60" to - the common line 50 and the second common line 60 -.

Page 14, line 19, change "short" to - shortening --.

In the Claims

Please amend claims 1-3, 6, 9-11 and add new claim 16 as follows:

A2 Sub B1
1. A method for driving a liquid crystal display having a matrix of a plurality of pixels with a common electrode and a pixel electrode, comprising steps of: [in which common voltage and data voltage, representing image signals, are applied to a plurality of pixels arranged in columns and rows,]
applying a common voltage to the common electrode; and
applying a data voltage of a positive polarity and a negative polarity with respect to the common voltage alternately to groups of a plurality of pixels that are adjacently located.

[wherein the polarity of data voltage for the common voltage inverts in units of groups, the pixel groups being comprised of two or more adjacent pixels.]

Sub
C2

2. The method according to claim 1, wherein the pixel group is [groups are]
comprised of three pixels.

3. The method according to claim 2, wherein the pixel group is [groups are]
comprised of a red pixel, a green pixel, and a blue pixel.

Sub
B3

6. A liquid crystal display comprising:
a substrate;
a plurality of gate lines formed on the substrate;
a plurality of data lines insulated from and intersecting the gate lines; and
a plurality of pixels formed corresponding to respective regions defined by the
data lines and the gate lines,

wherein common voltage is applied to the plurality of pixels, and the polarity
of the data voltage for the common voltage inverts in units of pixel groups, the pixel
groups being comprised of two or more pixels.

Sub
E5

10. The LCD according to claim 9, wherein a distance d2 between a first data
line adjacent to the pixel group and a pixel adjacent to the first data line is two to six
times longer [larger] than a distance d1 between a second data line in the pixel group
and the pixel adjacent to the second data lines.

A3

11. The LCD according to claim 10, wherein the distance d2 is four times
longer than the distance d1.

Sub
B5

11. The LCD according to claim 6, wherein the gate lines are arranged in
groups of two, a first gate line and a second gate line, and a connecting member is
formed between the first and second gate lines.

Sub
C5

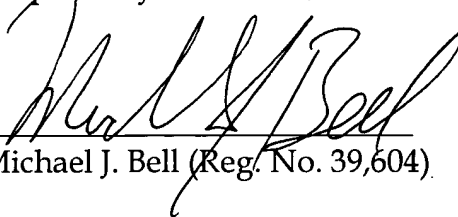
16. The method according to claim 1, wherein the pixel group is comprised of
a column of red pixels, a column of green pixels and a column of blue pixels.

For the convenience of the Examiner, a clean copy of the specification incorporating all the changes made hereby in this preliminary amendment is attached as Appendix A.

It is respectfully requested that this amendment be entered prior to the examination of the above-referenced patent application. It is believed that no new matter is added by this amendment. If the Examiner desires any additional information, the Examiner is invited to contact applicants' attorney at the telephone number listed below to expedite prosecution.

The U.S. Patent and Trademark Office is hereby authorized to charge any fee deficiency, or credit any overpayment, to our Deposit Account No. 08-3038.

Respectfully submitted,



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